	The Director of Central Intelligence	ce
	Washington, D.C. 20505	R254A
National Intelligence Council		NIC 00694/90 25 June 1990
MEMORANDUM FOR:	Director of Central In Deputy Director of Cen	
THROUGH:	National Intelligence	Officer for Warning
FROM:	Walter L. Barrows National Intelligence	Officer for Africa
SUBJECT:	Warning and Forecast R Africa	Report: Sub-Saharan
representatives of the Liberia's rebe Monrovia soon	agreed that: el leader Taylor will l , first attacking targe dbath is very likely, a	Intelligence Community ikely move against ets on the outskirts of the and the crisis could drag APPROVED FOR RELEASE DATE: 14-Sep-2009
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DISCUSSION

<u>Liberia: Next Steps</u>. Led by CIA.

Most analysts expect Charles
Taylor and his NPFL rebels to
move against Monrovia soon,
resulting in a likely
bloodbath that could drag on
for some time. He needs to
act decisively because
intensifying rains will make
operations more difficult, his
forces are suffering from a
variety of shortages,
particularly food, and he
faces serious command and
control problems.

We estimate 3,000 rebels would be required to attack Monrovia but Taylor has only about 1,500-2,000 presently available in the Monrovia area. The remainder will have to be redeployed from other rebel-controlled areas and could slow down his advance on the capital.

We expect the rebels to attack intermediate targets on the city's outskirts (for instance, Camp Schiefflin, government and missionary radio stations) and avoid head-on confrontations with the Liberian army, hoping that morale will dissipate. But Doe's forces, particularly the 600 or so of his "best" troops, may acquit themselves better in and around Monrovia than they have elsewhere. A critical factor will be the loyalty of key military leaders, several of whom seem ready to defect. In any event, the result of fighting

in Monrovia is likely to be chaos, with the citizenry caught in the middle.

Chances are Doe will fight it out in Monrovia as we hold little hope for the peace talks, although his timely departure would probably avert a battle for the capital. Doe could also escape to his home county in the southeast--where he has amassed some 2,500 Krahn troops--and conduct a bush war against whatever government succeeded him. His rebellion, however, would suffer supply problems, intra-Krahn feuding, and a general lack of outside support.

Assuming he emerges on top, Taylor almost certainly would insist on heading a follow-on government. It would be dominated by NPFL members and perhaps include some prominent Liberians, but his most important need would be to find financial and administrative expertise, to raise revenues, and seek international assistance. addition, Taylor would likely want to renegotiate with the US Government over rent for facilities and with foreign businessmen over terms of concessions and contracts.

Collection Notes. Analysts commend recent strides in collection on Taylor's group, but our information gaps are only beginning to be narrowed. What is the size of the NPFL and who are the commanders? What are their leadership capabilities? Also, the Liberian army has received

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several weapons shipments. Where have these weapons wound up?	
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